

Extended Reality Practice in Art & Design Creative Education









Course Abstract



As Jerald (2018) states, though virtual reality (VR) has existed for over 50 years, its use as a creative medium is relatively new. In the last four years, as part of the 'second wave of VR', new affordability and accessibility of hardware and software for experiencing and creating VR has incited a surge of interest for the technology from creative industries. Meanwhile, interest and attempts to create VR projects has expanded into other forms of Extended Reality (XR) technologies, like Augmented Reality (AR) and Mixed Reality (MR).

As a group of educators and practitioners from creative disciplines, our focus is to create a fundamentals of XR Education curriculum for undergraduates and/or postgraduates in schools of art and design who have no/less coding and software background.

We believe in guiding students to approach VR as a creative medium is increasingly important. Furthermore, we also introduce the XR-ED Group (sponsored by ACM SIGGRAPH Educators Forum). This group is a collective of educators and practitioners interested in creating an XR curriculum, and to share the work of students. The group was first run as part of a co-located event with VRCAI 2018 / SIGGRAPH Asia 2018 in Tokyo, and this year will be running in Brisbane as a co-located event with VRCAI 2019 / SIGGRAPH Asia 2019.









Executive Statement



This course proposes a learning & teaching curriculum emphasizing XR technologies within the art & design disciplines. It includes fundamental concepts of XR — exhibiting VR, AR and MR artwork and the history of art - Reflections from art practitioners on concepts and techniques from their own VR based art practice.

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10.1145/3355047.3359407









Intended Audiences



Creatives (undergraduates, educators) who are interested in utilising XR technologies as a medium / tool for their own practices, as well as to teach future students.







Course Syllabus



Expanding on the course abstract, we propose a short introductory course which includes fundamentals of XR technologies and demonstrates:

- Fundamentals of VR, AR & MR from technical perspectives
- History of VR and AR in Art
- Examples of VR & AR artworks: 90s to the early 2000s
- Examples of VR and AR artworks in recent years (2014 onwards)
- Practical session (Demo):
 - How to create basic AR project with ar.js
 - How to create basic VR project with vr.js
- Collaborative VR Gregory Bennett
- · Concepts & intentions
 - What are the challenges in managing collaborative XR projects?
 - Managing collaboration between university schools and departments
 - Managing collaborations with non-academic organisations
 - Adding value to students experience
 - Project informed by University research and development
- Reflection on VR artwork Snow Fu & her team
 - Concepts & Intentions
 - . Why is this work meaningful and special?
 - Technical reflection: Working on Unreal as an art practitioner
- How do we design a curriculum that fosters XR projects?— Jan Kruse & students
- Closing with an introduction to ACM SIGGRAPH Educators Forum sponsored ED-XR Group opened by Miho Aoki and June Kim.











AR | VR as an Artistic medium

VR projects in the world of Art 1990s and early 2000









Milgram's Reality Virtuality Continuum

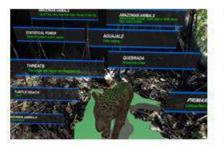




[Fig 2]









The area between the completely real and completely virtual, consists of both augmented reality, where the virtual augments the real, and augmented virtuality, where the real augmented the virtual.









Virtual Reality



1960s

"Wonderland constructed in computer memory" – Ivan Sutherland

Strictly military focused

1990s - 2000

"Collaborative Lucid Dream"-

Automotive, architecture and aerospace etc.
Training application, research purpose









Definition of Virtual Reality



Medium focused

Krueger (1991) states that Virtual Reality typically refers to 3D realities implemented with stereo viewing goggles and reality gloves.

Experience focused

"Virtual reality is defined as a real or simulated environment in which a perceiver experiences telepresence" (Steuer, 1992)

4 characteristics of experiencing via the medium

Virtual environment Immersion Sensory feedback Interactivity (Sherman and Craig, 2003)









Pioneering Virtuality Reality Artworks





Legible City (1989) – Jeffery Shaw

A pioneering interactive art installation where the visitor rides a stationary bicycle through a simulated representation of a cities – Manhattan, Amsterdam and Karlsruhe.

Manovich (2001) states that "The Legible City functions not only as a unique navigable virtual space if its own, but also as a comment on all the other navigable spaces".

[Fig 3]



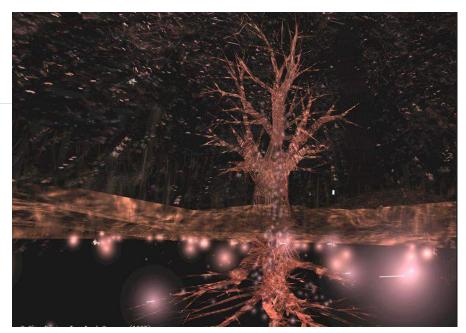






Pioneering Virtuality Reality Artworks





[Fig 4]

Osmose (1995) – Char Davies

- Alternative aesthetic and Interactive sensibility.
- "Neither realistic nor abstract but somewhere in between" (Davies and Harrison, 1996).
- This was one and only example to push the expressive capabilities of existing 3D tools in 90s.







Pioneering Virtuality Reality Artworks





[Fig 5]

Placeholder (1992) – Brenda Laurel

New paradigm for interaction and narrative in virtual environments introduced:

Two participants with HMD transform

- "Neither realistic nor abstract but somewhere in between" (Davies and Harrison, 1996).
- This was one and only example to push the expressive capabilities of existing 3D tools in 90s.









Women-led Art



Gender imbalance in the art world in History

- In Louvre, 5,500 paintings by 1,400 male artists and 21 women artists.
- First women entrant was admitted to art school in 1861.-The Royal Academy Schools
- First women entrant to the science school graduated from 1873.-міт









Women-led Art



According to Jacki Morie's research, approx. 70% of VR creators were women between 1985 and 2007. Thus, VR art can be considered the very first women led art field.

Nicole Stenger (1992, 2009), Monica Fleischman (1992), Carl Eugene Loeffler (1992, 1993), Ulrike Gabriel (1992, 1993), Diane Gromala (1993, 2001), Toni Dove (1993), Janine Cirincione (1994), Rita Addison (1994), Sheldon Brown (1994), Char Davies (1995, 1998), Maurice Benayoun (1994, 1997), Josephine Anstey (1997), Margaret Dolinsky (1997, 1998, 1999), and Rebecca Allen (1997, 1998, 1999).

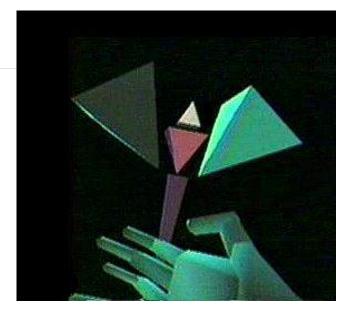






Nicole Stenger







[Fig 6]

Angle (1992)

Dynasty (2009)

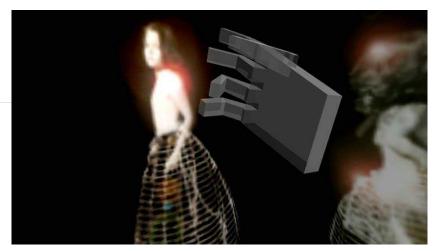












A dataglove helps locate the user "inside" the world of Toni Dove and Michael Mackenzie's dreamlike VR experience *Archaeology of the Mother Tongue* (1993).

The Coroner's Dream" sequence from Toni Dove and Michael Mackenzie's exquisitely designed *Archaeology of the Mother Tongue* (1993).



[Fig 9]







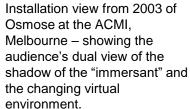




An "immersant" wearing stereoscopic head-mounted display and breathing/balance interface vest for a performance of Char Davies's Osmose (1995).



[Fig 11]





[Fig 12]

Fleischmann, Monika; Strauss, Wolfgang «Home of the Brain (1992)















Diana Gromala

[Fig 14] Diana Gromala









The Banff Art & Virtual Environment Project



Lawrence Paul Yuxweluptun (Native ritual to virtual space)

Vision Rights (1992)

Brenda Laurel with Rachel Strickland, Rob Tow and Michael Naimark (theatrical paradigm) Placeholder (1992)

Toni Dove and Michael McKenzie (Cinematic experience) Archaeology of a Mother Tongue (1993)

Diane Gromala

Emotional and evocative











VR projects in the field of Art 2014 onwards









Renaissance of Virtual Reality



IMPACT ON Creative education

Hardware & software availability to consumer market with affordable price

Implement [developed] VFX techniques to achieve the desirable level of aesthetics

Implementing [serious] game concept onto art making

VR for Social Impact
Can be interpreted from the posthumanism perspective





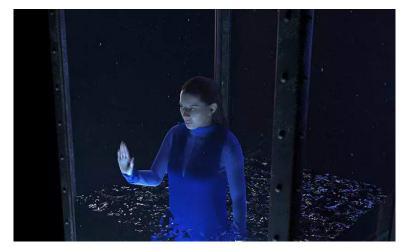








Jacolby Satterwhite, Domestika, 2017. Courtesy of the artist and Mitchell-Innes & Nash, New York City



Marina Abramović as an avatar, in stills from 'Rising' © Acute Art (2017)











Creating Augmented Reality with AR.js and A-Frame









What is Augmented Reality (AR)



- Overlay digital content on a real world view
- Your augmented reality by adding information to be mean to enhance, not to replace
- AR is not Virtual Reality
- Marker-Based: Predetermined identifiers, Simpler, Less Intensive
- Markerless: Geolocation, Energy & power intensive









AR.js in PERFORMANCE & SIMPLICITY



- Open Source: An efficient Augmented Reality solution on the web developed by Jerome Ethienne with the idea of making AR available to everybody.
- Very Fast: AR.js made Augmented Reality went from running at 4 fps on high-end phone to 60 fps on three years old phone.
- **Web-based**: The beauty of AR.js is that it does not require any applications or specific [expensive] devices to run. It It runs 100% in your web browser. (no app and software to install!) Full javascript
- Standards: It works on any phone with webGL and webRTC.









Augmented reality in 10 Lines of HTML



- Codepen & hiro marker
- Codepen: An online code editor and open-source learning environment, where developers can create code snippets, creatively named "pens", and test them. It is an online community for testing and showcasing user-created HTML, CSS and JavaScript code snippets.
- Link to AR.js Augmented Reality in 10 lines of html https://codepen.io/jeromeetienne/pen/mRqqzb











Augmented reality in 10 Lines of HTML



- Codepen & hiro marker
- AR Marker: is effectively two dimensional symbol, similar to QR code, that allows a camera to determine position and rotation relative to a surface. With this information, a camera can do many different things. Either Hiro marker and Kanji marker is commonly used.



https://raw.githubusercontent.com/jeromeet ienne/AR.js/master/data/images/HIRO.jpg









Augmented reality in 10 Lines of HTML



```
<script src="https://aframe.io/releases/0.5.0/aframe.min.js"></script>
<script src="https://rawgit.com/jeromeetienne/ar.js/master/aframe/build/aframe-ar.js"></script>
<script>THREEx.ArToolkitContext.baseURL = 'https://rawgit.com/jeromeetienne/ar.js/master/three.js/'</script>
<body style='margin : 0px; overflow: hidden;'>
        <a-scene embedded artoolkit='sourceType: webcam;'>
                <a-box position='0 0.5 0' material='opacity: 0.5;'></a-box>
                <a-marker-camera preset='hiro'></a-marker-camera>
        </a-scene>
```



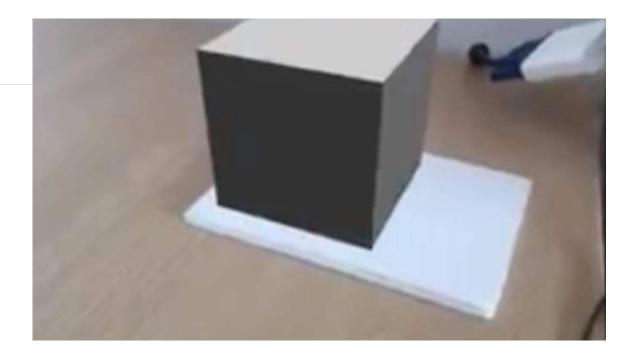






Result of using the 10 Lines of HTML











3D Models



- Both Static and Animating Models
- A-Frame provides components for loading glTF, OBJ, COLLADA (.dae). glTF is most recommended as it gains adoption as the standard for transmitting 3D models over the Web.
- https://aframe.io/docs/0.5.0/introduction/models.html##sidebar

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What is gITF?



- Jpg of 3D model
- gITF (GL Transmission Format) is a royalty-free specification for the
 efficient transmission and loading of 3D scenes and models by
 applications. gITF minimizes both the size of 3D assets, and the
 runtime processing needed to unpack and use those assets.
- https://aframe.io/docs/0.5.0/introduction/models.html##sidebar

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How to create gITF?



- Via Blender: You can export or convert by using Blender.
- Cesium: http://52.4.31.236/convertmodel.html (Drag & Drop)
- (Max. 10MB)
- Many Free converters available online









Reference



[Fig 1] P. Milgram and A.F. Kishino, Taxonomy of Mixed Reality Visual Displays, IEICE Transactions on Information and Systems, E77-D(12), pp. 1321-1329, 1994.

[Fig 2] ©June Kim

[Fig 3] https://www.jeffreyshawcompendium.com/portfolio/legible-city/

[Fig 4] http://www.immersence.com/publications/char/1996-CD-Comp_Graphics.html

[Fig 5] https://proyectoidis.org/placeholder/

[Fig 6] & [Fig 7] http://www.nicolestenger.com/news2019.html

[Fig 8] & [Fig 9] https://www.digitalartarchive.at/database/general/work/archeology-of-a-mother-tongue.html

[Fig 10] http://www.immersence.com/publications/2007/2007-SDixon.html

[Fig 11] http://www.medienkunstnetz.de/works/home-of-the-brain/

[Fig 12] http://www.immersence.com/publications/2007/2007-SDixon.html

[Fig 13] & [Fig 14] http://www.siat.sfu.ca/faculty/Diane-Gromala/

[Fig 15] https://www.artsy.net/artwork/jacolby-satterwhite-domestika-1

[Fig 16] https://acuteart.com/artist/marina-abramovic/

AR.js & A-Frame materials: https://aframe.io/blog/arjs/

https://www.invaluable.com/blog/how-vr-is-changing-the-art-experience/

Guerrilla Girls: https://www.guerrillagirls.com/ was established by two founding Guerrilla Girls and other members to continue the use of provocative text, visuals and humor in the service of feminism and social change. They have written several books and create projects about the art world, film, politics and pop culture. They travel the world, talking about the issues and their experiences as feminist masked avengers, reinventing the "f" word into the 21st century.

Morie (2015). Why yes, Virginia, there have always been women in VR. Retrieved from https://vrscout.com/news/why-yes-virginia-there-have-always-been-women-in-vr/.











Collaborative VR projects









Collaborative VR projects



- What are the challenges in managing collaborative XR projects?
- Managing collaborations between university schools and departments.
- Managing collaborations with non-academic organisations.
- Adding value to students experience
- Projects informed by University research and development













CASE STUDY

Hillary's Antarctic Hut Virtual Reality experience

Collaboration between Design and Science staff and students at AUT

Collaboration between Auckland University of Technology and The Antarctic Heritage Trust













Hillary's Hut (TAE Hut) Virtual Reality Experience

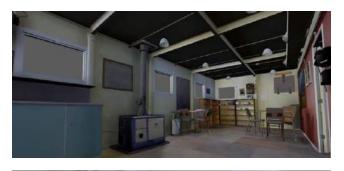






Hillary's Antarctic Hut Virtual Reality experience

- Heritage site preservation in Virtual Reality
- Narrative development and design for VR museum experience based on historical site
- Technical pipeline from Lidar scan to game engine optimisation
- Interactivity/gamification challenges















A Virtual Reality Experience





- 3D Lidar scans from the restored Hillary's Hut at Scott Base are being used a as basis for a VR experience
- The general public will be able to take a tour of this important scientific and heritage site via a Virtual Reality application currently being developed by Auckland University of Technology and the Antarctic Heritage Trust





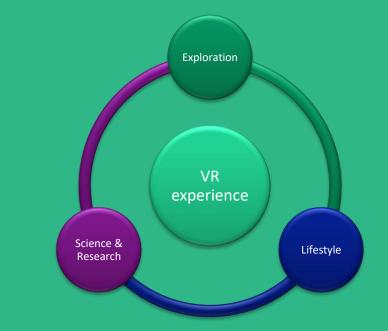


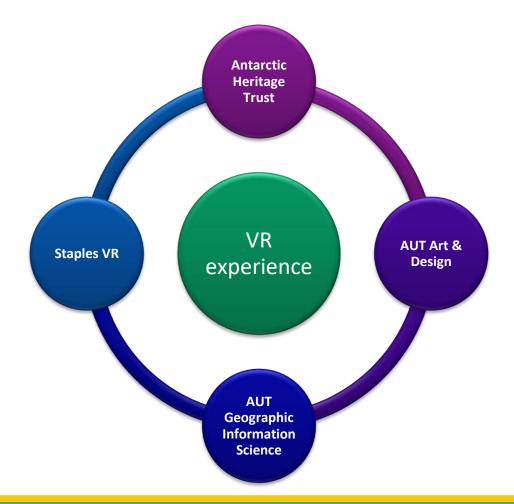
























Dr Barbara Bollard, AUT Geographic Information Science

Identification, selection and management of Protected Areas, using geospatial sciences and novel remote sensing technology, such as drones, to map habitats and landscapes for conservation planning.







Faro Lidar Scanner

- registration spheres and grids set up around the rooms
- several laser scans made of each room to be combined later in data processing





Hutt interior









3D Lidar Scans of the newly restored Hutt interior are being converted to a VR environment replica which users will be able to navigate around





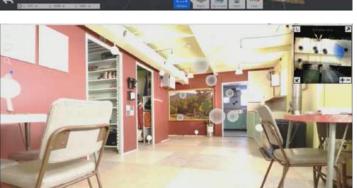




3D Lidar Scans









In addition interactive content is being planned so that users can pick up objects to trigger key narratives connected to the hut around exploration, scientific discovery and daily life in the 1950s for Hillary and his team









3D scans of historic artefacts















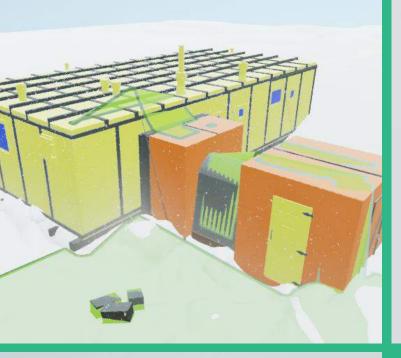


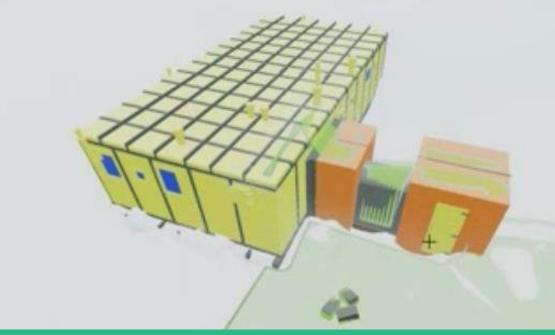




Hutt exterior

Location photos are used to create a 3D model of the Hutt exterior







Hutt exterior 3D model

Location photos are used to create a 3D model of the Hutt exterior

Screenshot of final VR scene













Geometry and textures clean-up and optimisation











Case study



'Lost City of Mer' Virtual Reality game

 Collaboration between AUT and Astrea Media









Lost City of Mer' Virtual Reality game

- 'Lost City of Mer' is a cross-platform interactive experience about the effects of climate change that combines a smartphone app with virtual reality.
- Using an expanded narrative which builds on universal mythic themes and worldbuilding methodology the experience both educates users about climate change and encourages them to have agency over their personal carbon footprint.
- Website: https://www.lostcityofmer.org/
- Trailer: https://vimeo.com/277547235











'Lost City of Mer'





- Worldbuilding and asset design for VR
- VR navigation
- Sound design









'Lost City of Mer'





- Narrative development for VR
- Interactivity/gamification
- Science education











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 - Text level two (20pt)
 - Text level three (20pt)
 - Text level four (20pt)
 - Text level five (18pt)





Karst











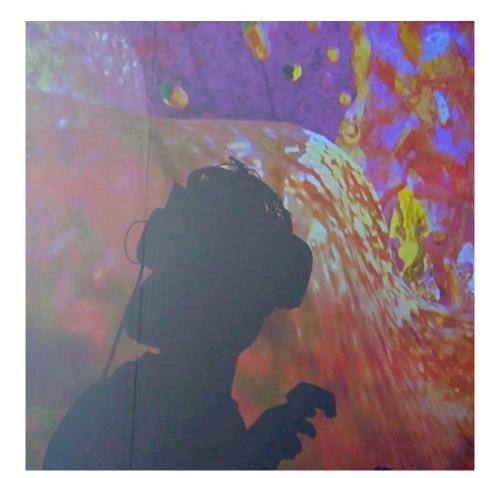


















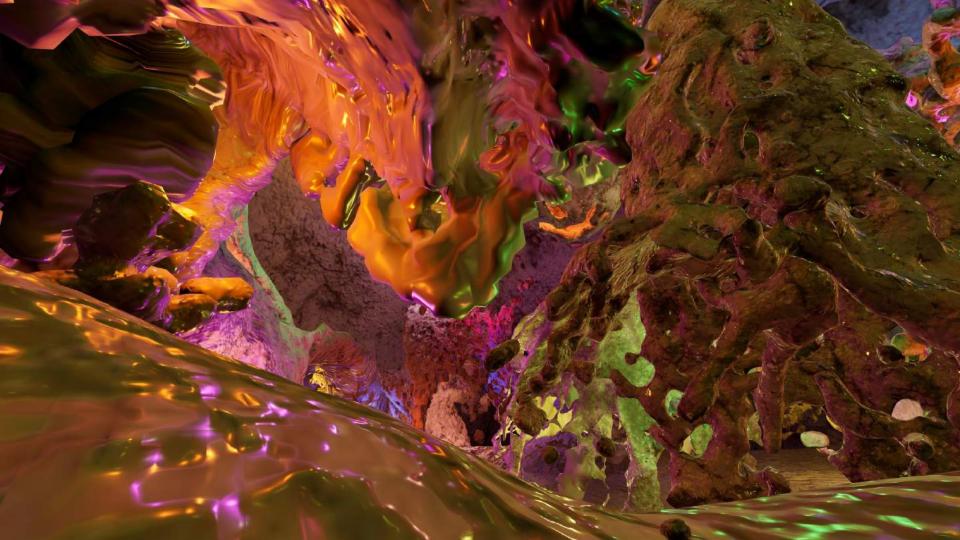






































How do we design a curriculum that fosters XR projects



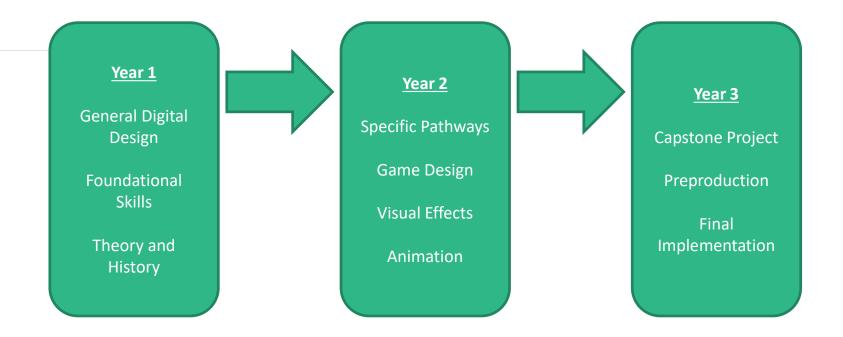








Structure of undergraduate curriculum





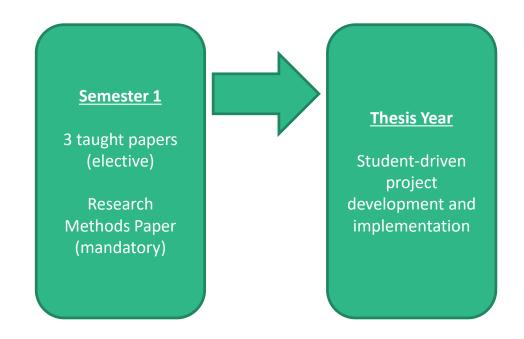






Postgraduate











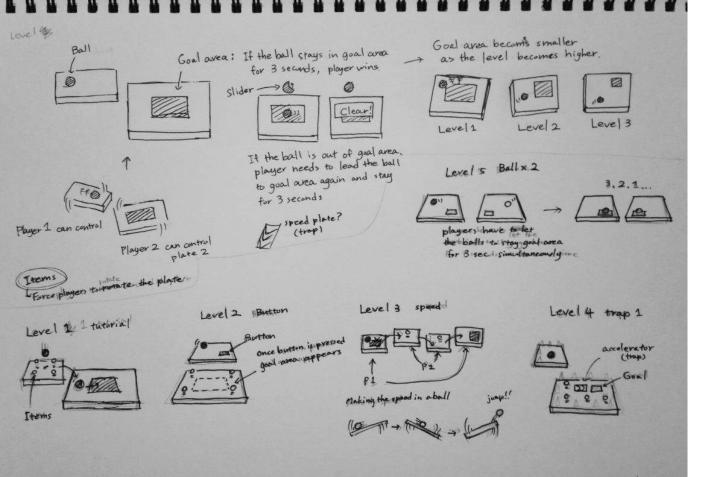


AR Case Study









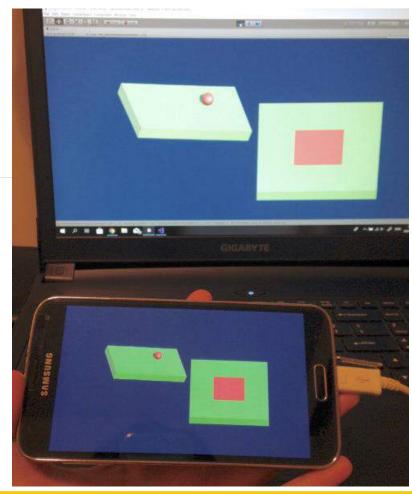




















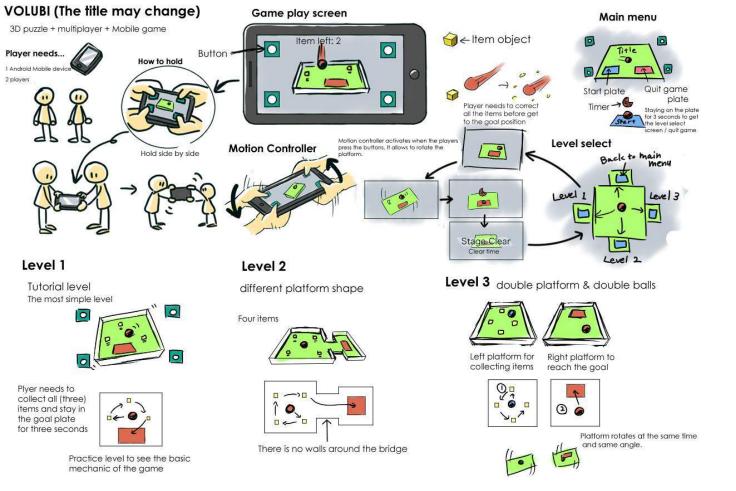










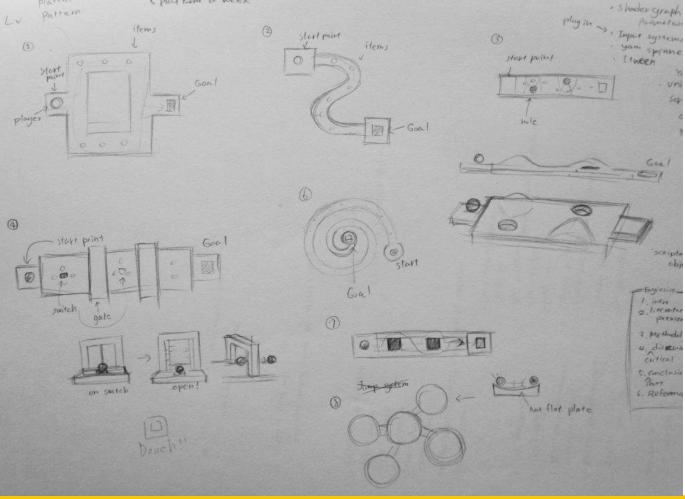










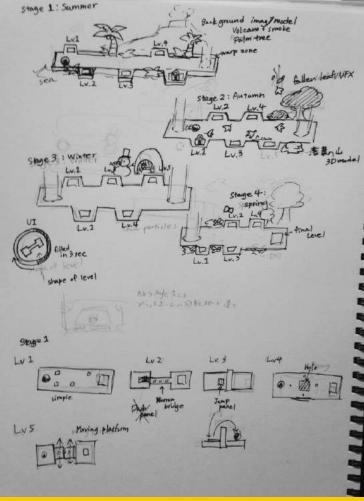


























Katarina Markovic

AR Case Study



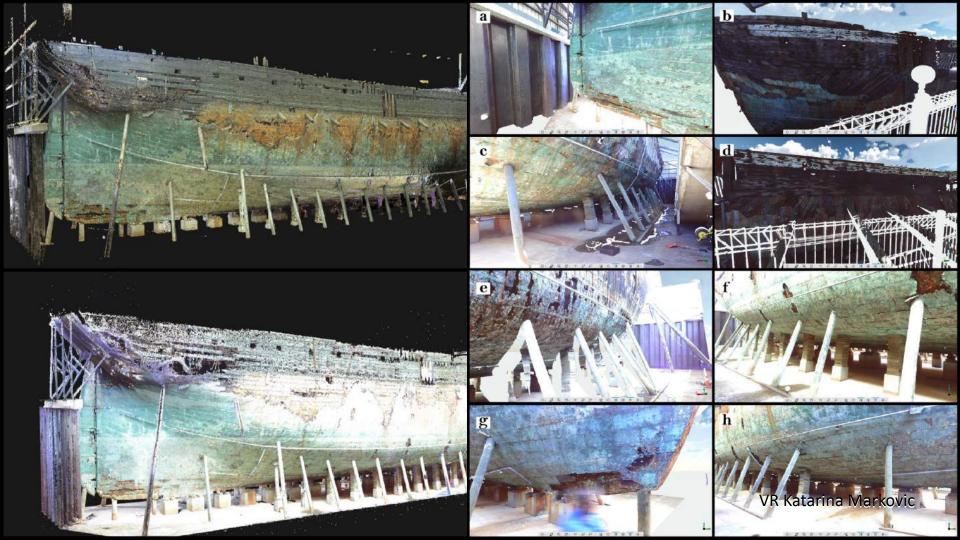


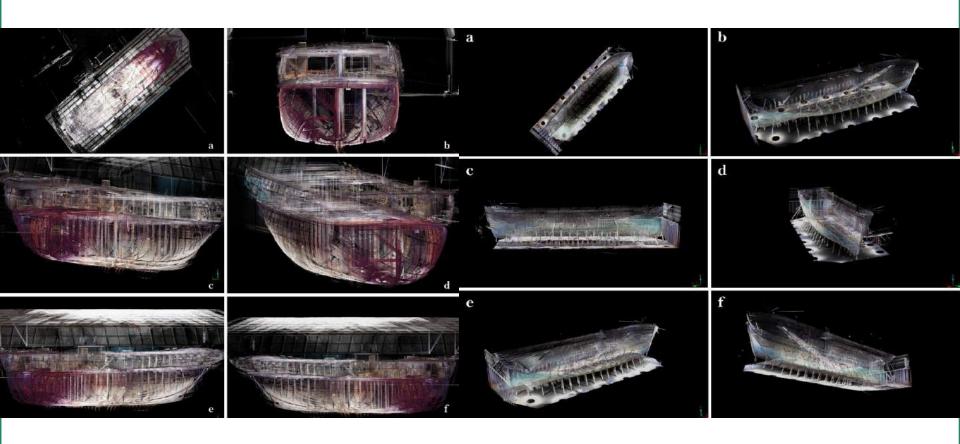






VR Walkthrough Katarina Markovic





VR Katarina Markovic















Summary



 Curriculum has to support and encourage students to go beyond simple Game Design and Visual Effects projects.

- Students need to understand that the learning curve for XR projects is steeper
- XR projects will offer a highly satisfying result, if well executed.











ED-XR group Workshop (ACM SIGGRAPH Educators' Forum sponsored)

Founded by Miho Aoki and June Kim and ran the 1st workshop in the VRCAI 2018, Tokyo.

2nd workshop was held in the VRCAI 2019, Brisbane (14 – 15 November 2019)

Core members of ED-XR workshop: Miho Aoki, June Kim and Barbara Morne

Contact us if interests in working and sharing on VR curriculums: June.kim@siggraph.org











June Kim: june.kim@unsw.edu.au

Jan Kruse: jan.kruse@aut.ac.nz

Gregory Bennett: Gregory.bennett@aut.ac.nz

Snow Fu: snowyunxuefu@gmail.com